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The Future of Pharmacy Retail Stores in Sweden

Presented by

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Presentation Outline

	<u>Today's Topic</u>
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Introduction >

Main findings from Porter and Pestel analysis >

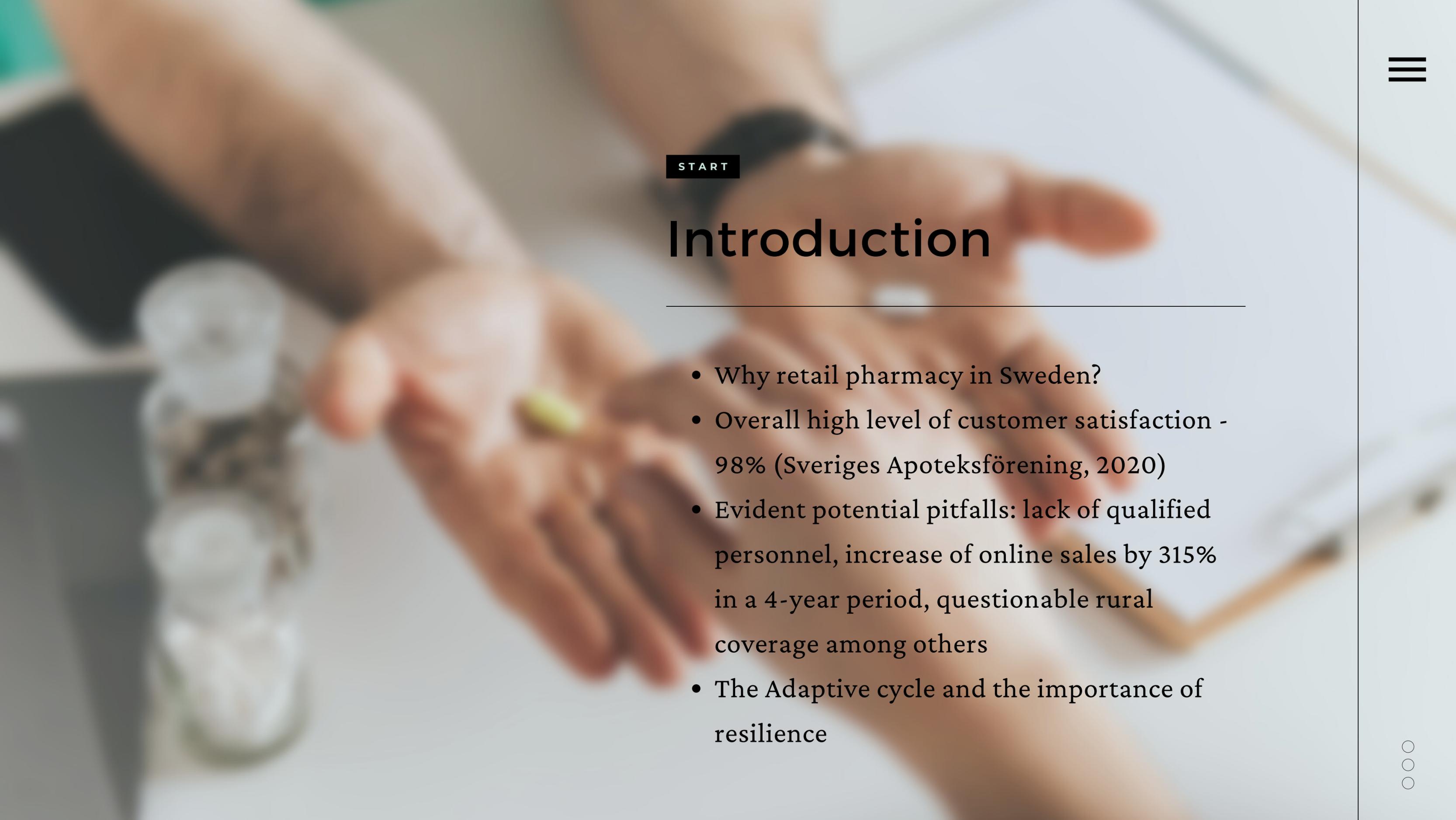
Survey >

The four scenarios >

Recommendations >

Questions >





START

Introduction

- Why retail pharmacy in Sweden?
- Overall high level of customer satisfaction - 98% (Sveriges Apoteksförening, 2020)
- Evident potential pitfalls: lack of qualified personnel, increase of online sales by 315% in a 4-year period, questionable rural coverage among others
- The Adaptive cycle and the importance of resilience



PESTEL Analysis

● ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ POLITICAL

Reregulation carried out in 2009, resulting in better availability, increased variety, safer medicine usage, and better prices

● ● ○ ○ ○ ○ ECONOMICAL

Parallel imports are encouraged however, SEK evaluation against the Euro and USD does not bode well for the country's economy

● ● ● ○ ○ ○ SOCIAL

There is a high level of satisfaction among the pharmacy visitors, two reasons for this satisfaction are geographical location and product availability.

● ● ● ● ○ ○ TECHNOLOGICAL

More and more pharmacies are buying compounding robots to produce individualized medicines. There has also been a surge in online Pharma sales

● ● ● ● ● ○ ENVIRONMENTAL

COVID-19 pandemic has furthermore increased the consumer's demand for contactless retail experiences, home delivery options and increased safety measures within pharmacy retail stores

● ● ● ● ● ● LEGAL

Presence of a pharmacist mandatory. To collect prescription medicines in a pharmacy, people are required to possess a Swedish personal identity number.



Porter's Five Forces Analysis

Threat of Substitutes

Prescription medicine versus prescription-free medicines available from other providers
Parallel imports



Threat of New Entrants

Pharmacy market no monopoly anymore
Only requirement to enter market: licensed pharmacist in each pharmacy
Increasing amount of online pharmacies



Competitive Rivalry

Open pharmacy market after deregulation
5 established national retail chains (97% of market share)



Supplier Power

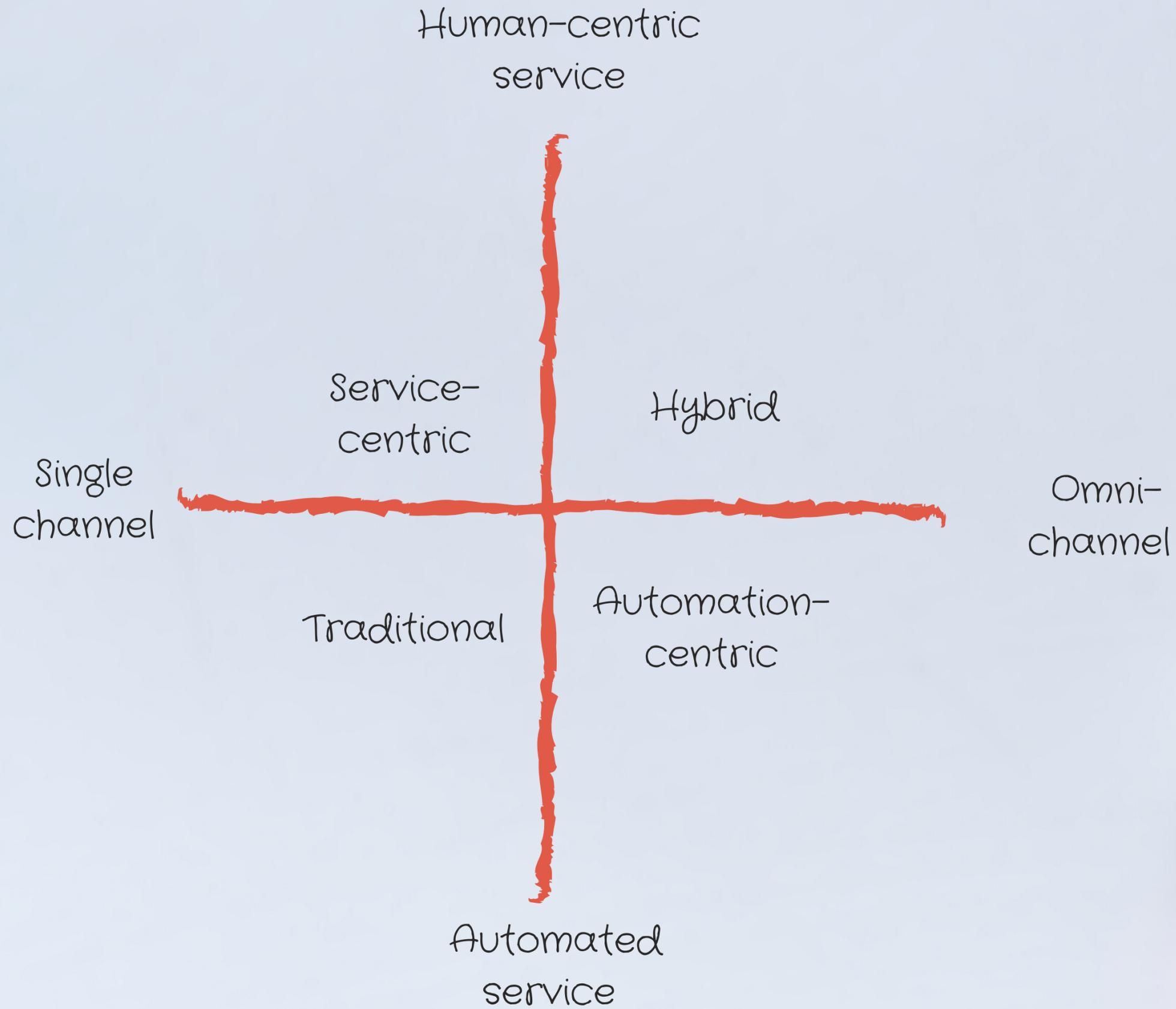
Only 2 suppliers in the pharmacy market



Buyer Power

Parallel imports
Prescribed medicine regulated but OTC products also available in other sales outlets

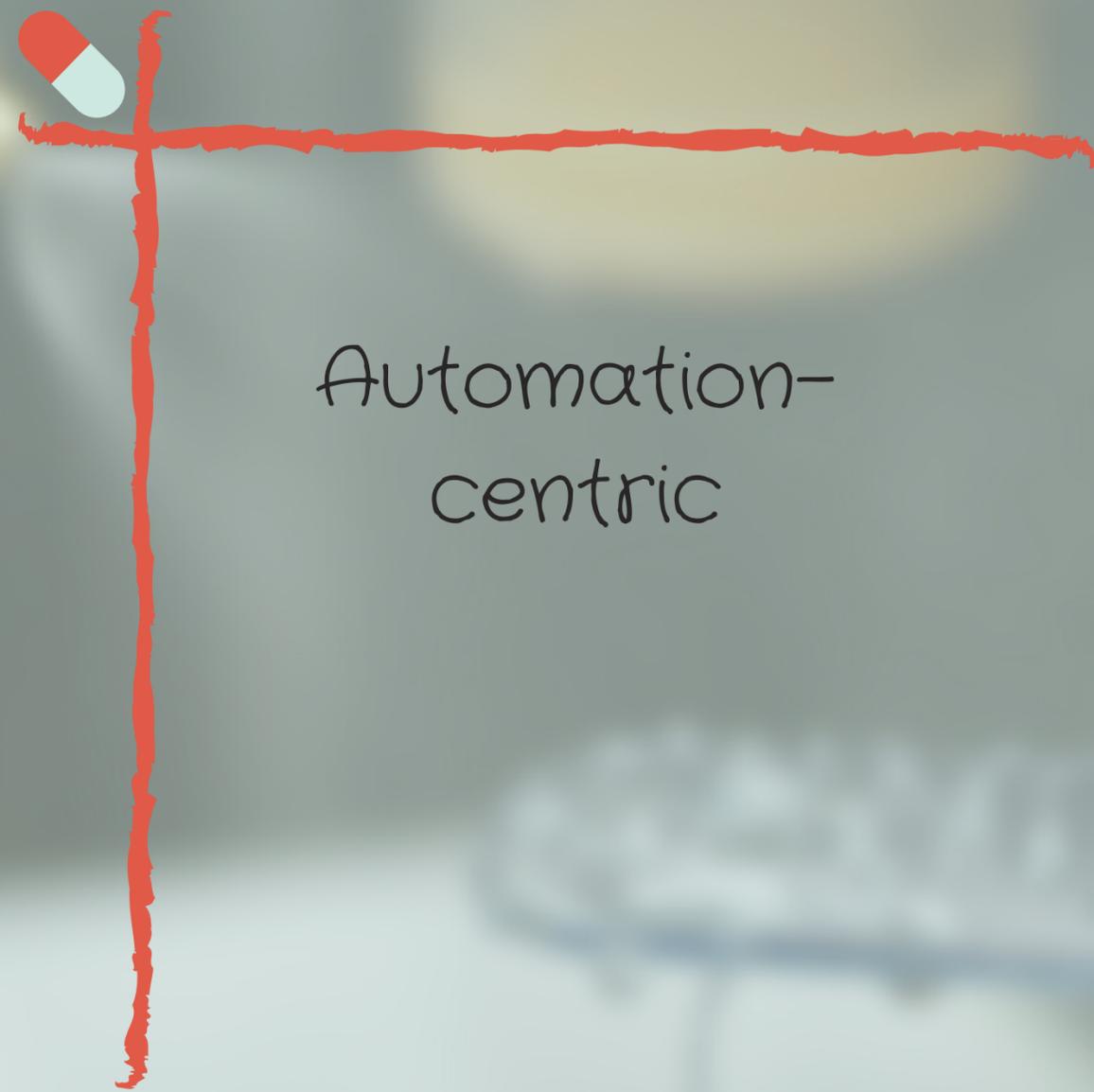






The Automation-centric scenario

- Dose dispensing pharmacies are already part of the market
- Just under 40% of consumers visit pharmacies only to collect their prescription medication
- 40% of our respondents would use a Dose dispensing station, 44% would agree if it is easy to use and 2% if they got help



Omni-channel

Automation-centric

Automated service



The Service-centric scenario

- Coherence with current Swedish regulations and industry values
- Appealing atmosphere and personal attention were highly valued by our respondents
- 12% want to get advice from a pharmacist
- 68% want to pick up their medication but if they need help they would like to talk to the pharmacist

Single
channel

Service-
centric

Human-centric
service





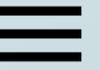
The Traditional scenario

- Pharmacies lack competitiveness and lag behind in both technological and human factors
- They only do the minimum to survive
- Slow industry evolution
- Low involvement in omnichannel or advanced automation solutions
- Not ready to change

Single
channel

Traditional

Automate
dservice





The Hybrid scenario

- High personal service quality
- Stronger relationship between the retailer and its customers
- Added value through automation, speed, and convenience
- Safer medicine consumption
- Longer benefits life span --> Costliest scenario

Human-centric service

Hybrid

Omni-channel



Recommendations for managers



- Adapt to the changing environment
- Lead change by introducing better training of staff, better data collection systems, if possible dose dispensing stations, and 24/7 service
- Strive to slowly move to the Hybrid scenario as it is the all-encompassing future alternative





Recommendations for Brands



- Adopt a flexible approach to the branding strategy - follow the trends, from a marketing perspective
- Optimize personalized available service - consultation meetings with a pharmacist.
- Optimize the brands on the shelves - consider quality, reliability, and brand reputation
- Service convenience - availability, buying process speed, buying options (home delivery vs. pick up stations).
- Promotions when there is more demand - making the customer feel appreciated

Thank you for your attention!

Questions?

